

## Efficiency of rock phosphates on growth and yield performances of pepper

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Effect of commercially available Eppawela rock phosphate (ERP) and Imported Rock Phosphate (IRP) as a source of phosphorus (P) for pepper (*Piper nigrum L.*) was studied under field conditions at Wasanagama in mid country intermediate zone (IM1a) of Sri Lanka in Immature Brown Loam (IBL) soils.

Experiment consisted of two levels of  $P_2O_5$ , 200 and 250 kg/ha/year, as ERP and IRP with no P (control). Experiment was done in a Randomized Complete Block Design with three replicates having six plants per plot spaced at 2.5 m X 2.5 m. In addition to P all the plots received 330 kg N, 330 kg  $K_2O$  and 47 kg MgO ha/year as a uniform dose and fertilizer were applied in two split applications.

Highest vine length of 251.41 cm at 24 months after planting (MAP) was recorded with 250 kg  $P_2O_5$ /ha/year where source of P was ERP, which was significantly different from the control. No significant ( $p < 0.05$ ) differences were observed in number of orthotropic and plagiotropic branches at 24 MAP. Yield data recorded at 36 and 48 MAP showed a positive response for added P. Although highest pepper yield of 1719 kg/ha/year recorded with the application of 200 kg  $P_2O_5$  ha/year as ERP at 36 MAP, highest yield of 3436 kg/ha/year was recorded with the same rate of  $P_2O_5$  as IRP at 48 MAP. However, the application of ERP at rate of 200 kg  $P_2O_5$  is sufficient, based on the cumulative yield of two years. Highest soil P content of 22 ppm was found with 250 kg  $P_2O_5$  given as IRP, which was significantly different from the control. Highest leaf P percentage of 0.103 was found with 200  $P_2O_5$  given as IRP followed by 0.0967% with 250  $P_2O_5$  given as ERP, which are significantly different from the control. Based on growth, yield and changes of P content of pepper leaves, application of ERP at the rate of 250 kg  $P_2O_5$ /ha/year can be substituted to IRP at the same rate.

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