Larval breeding habits of dengue-vector Aedes spp. in Attidiva area D-29: M S de Silva ¹ P Randeniya ¹ W Abeywickreme ²

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Following an outbreak of dengue in several parts of Sri Lanka, a study of larvae of the vector Aedes spp. was conducted during February 1997 in the Attidiya area. In this locality, 155 houses were selected out of 1500 houses using a random table of numbers. Collections and observations on Aedes larvae were carried out and Aedes breeding was noted in potable as well as nonpotable containers both indoors and outdoors.

Among the container types, tyres [Breeding Preference Ratio (BPR)=1.611] were the most preferred containers for *Aedes* breeding. *Aedes* spp. were also found breeding in mud pots of all types, coconut shells, blocked gutters and other miscellaneous containers. The Larval House Index (LHI=66.7) was higher than the container index (CI=37.93). The Breteau Index (BI=51.53) indicated that more than half of the searched houses supplied breeding sites for *Aedes* larvae. Observations during the survey period revealed that *Aedes* larval prevalence was low in good residential areas with modern facilities while it was high in squatter settlements. Part of the Bellanwilla-Attidiya marsh was also included in the survey and it was observed that the miscellaneous containers thrown into the marsh were a rich source of *Aedes* larval breeding.